CORA-Description of the Health Council of the Netherlands' EMF Annual Update 2008

1. About

Source

Electromagnetic Fields: Annual Update 2008

Link

http://www.gezondheidsraad.nl/sites/default/files/200902.pdf

Supporting information

Information about the organisation of the Health Council of the Netherlands (HCN) and its working procedures is available on http://www.gezondheidsraad.nl/en/about-us

2. Content and Mandate

Objectives

Update on current issues deemed to be of importance: methods of assessment of scientific data by the committee; review of evidence for RF EMF and brain activity; review of evidence for RF EMF and symptoms.

EMF spectrum covered

0 Hz - 300 GHz

Status of report and authorship

The Health Council is established by Health Act; the Expert Committees are designated by President of the HCN.

Funding

Government

Accountability

None: independent scientific advisory body

Summary

Health Council reports provide objective and independent evaluations of the sientific literature.

3. Authorship

Selection of Members

Selection is by invitation by the Health Council President. Selection criteria are not provided.

Composition (institutional)

8 experts, 3 advisors (currently: 9 members, 3 advisors, 2 observers)

Composition (expertise)

Radiobiology, epidemiology, physics, medicine, neurobiology, engineering, toxicology (currently also: neuropsychiatry, cellbiology / immunology).

Impartiality

Potential members complete a Declaration of Interests (DoI), which is considered by the President of the HCN. DoIs of approved members are available upon request and will be made available at the HCN website. The procedure is briefly described in the report. DoIs need to be updated. Experts are member on their own account, not on behalf of any organisation.

Disclosure

Full disclosure of names and affiliations.

Summary

Members are as impartial as possible and transparant about any interests. Selection of members is not transparant. All necessary expertise is present.

4. Assessment Process

Literature search

A literature search strategy is not provided (but it is in later reports). Is the inclusion of the relevant literature guaranteed? Biases?

Quality assurance

Quality assessment of papers is narrative only. No formal procedures.

Weighing of evidence

A weight-of-evidence is used. The general procedure is described, but for specific topics no details are given.

Consultation activities

Internal peer review by the HCNs Standing Committee on Radiation and Health (now merged with the Standing Committee on Health and the Environment). It is not mentioned in the report, but for specific subjects there is sometimes consultation of external experts; there is also the possibility of hearing stakeholder groups.

Consensus finding

There is consensus finding, but no voting. There is a possibility of including a minority opinion (but this has neven been done).

Summary

Some parts of the process of risk assessment can be improved, especially by making them more transparent.

5. Communication

Differentiation between biological and health effects

Yes

Unbiased descriptions

The report provide mostly a balanced discussion of pros and cons, but there is a tendency of paying more attention to critically evaluating positive studies then negative ones. Are the strengths and weaknesses of the evidence indicated?

Evidence-based conclusions

Yes

Plain language summary

Yes, primarily meant for policymakers.

Unbiased summary

Yes

Summary

The evaluation could be improved by also critically evaluating negative studies and by better or more explicitly considering uncertainties. The summary is balanced and understandable for non-scientists.